Performance Investigation and Tuning in the Interoperable Cloud4E Platform

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TECHNISCHE FAKULTÄT



Outline

Introduction

Overview Cloud4E Platform

Performance Investigations and Tuning

Summary

Introduction





- Goal: Platform that allows provisioning of existing simulation software as cloud service
- Regional compute centers as infrastructure and platform providers
- \rightarrow Portability important
 - Limited resources of regional compute centers
- ightarrow Enable federated clouds

Introduction

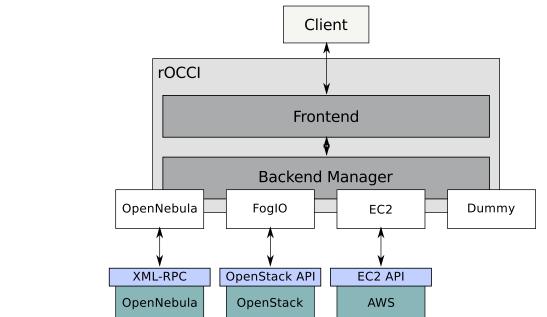


- Usage of OCCI (Open Cloud Computing Interface)
 - Open cloud interface by Open Grid Forum
 - Intended for control of laaS
 - Extended in Cloud4E to interface for SaaS
- AMQP (Advanced Message Queuing Protocol) as transport protocol
 - Good scalability
 - More features than HTTP
 - Central AMQP server

Introduction



• Use rOCCI server as OCCI server



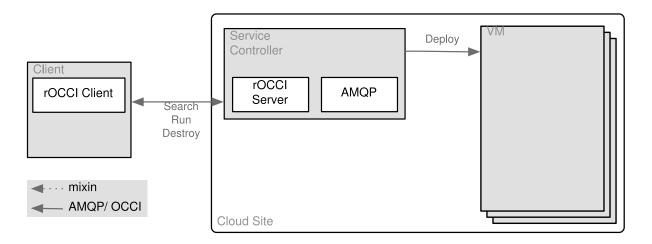
- Crucial impact on the performance
- Investigated in detail together with OpenNebula cloud middleware



Service Controller	
rOCCI Server	AMQP
Cloud Site	

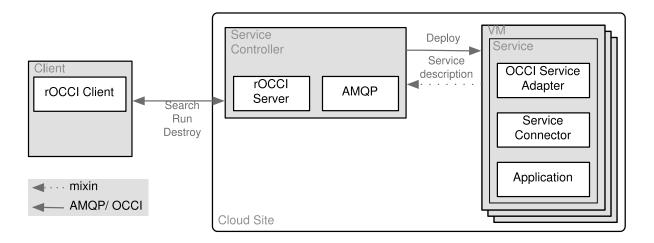
• Central part: Service Controller





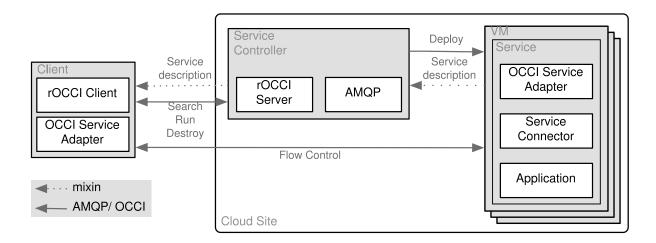
- Start of virtual machines (VMs) ("compute resources") over rOCCI
- Control of VMs over actions and attributes





- Service = OCCI Service Adapter + Service Controller + simulation tool
- Control of service over actions and attributes
- Actions and attributes defined and implemented in Service Controller
- OCCI Service Adapter as generic interface

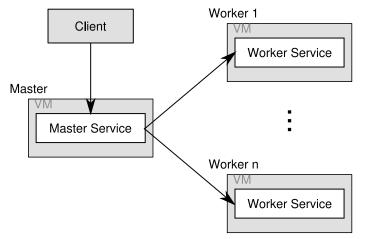




OCCI Service Adapter used for client side control



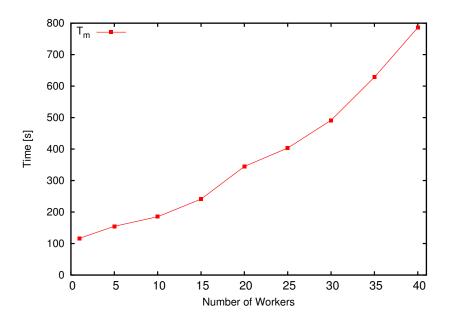
- Initially, performance problems related to rOCCI server and cloud middleware
- Particularly for start of worker services over master service



- Start of workers over start_workers action of master
- Master polls state of workers from rOCCI server until all worker services started

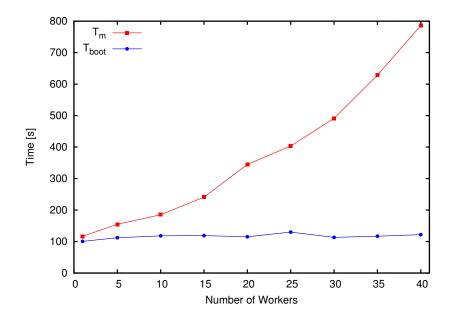


- *T_m*: timespan between triggering the start_workers action and the moment when the master recognizes that all workers are running (averaged over 5 measurements)
- OpenNebula 4.0.1, Ruby 2.0.0, Windows worker
- Master polls worker states in intervals of 15 s



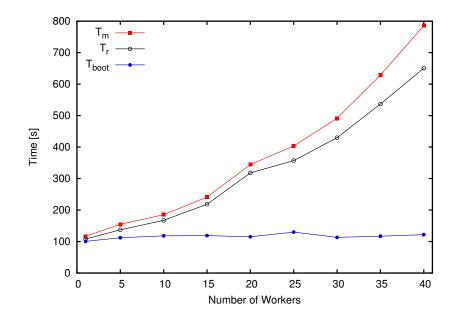


T_{boot}: time to start and boot the worker VMs over OpenNebula (averaged over 10 measurements)



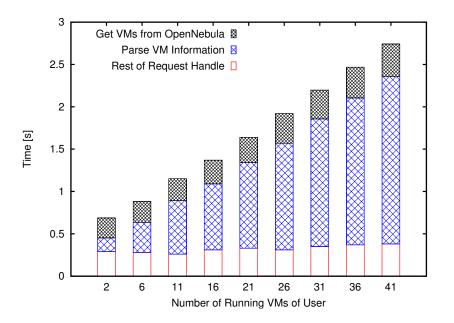


- Delay between moment when all worker services are started and the moment when this is recognized by master
- *T_r*: start time worker measured over rOCCI server (averaged over 5 measurements)
- ightarrow "real" start times



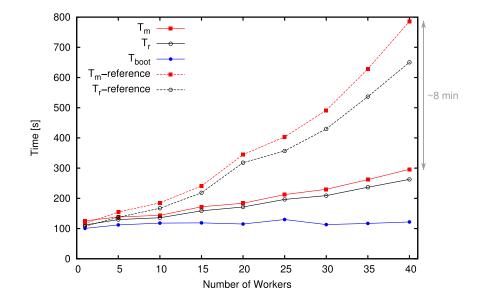


- Slow start of worker services after start of worker VMs
- 5 requests to OCCI server per worker service
- 2.7 s to handle one request when 41 VMs running
- \rightarrow Reason for performance issues



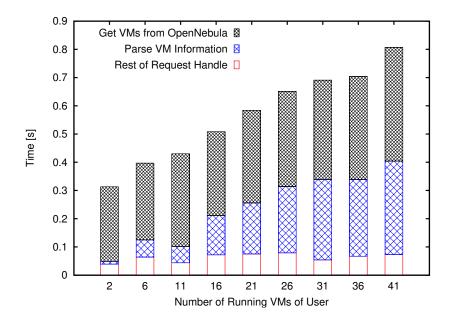


- Removed redundant and unnecessary tasks from rOCCI
- \rightarrow for 40 workers improvement of about 8 *min*
 - Smaller gap between T_m and T_r



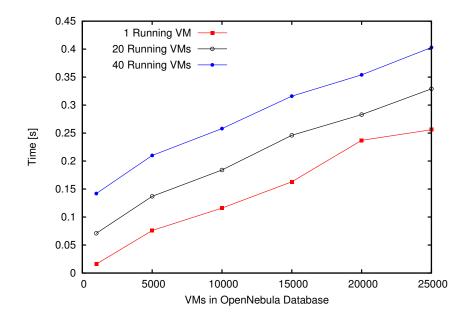


• After improvements the query of VMs accounts for a bigger portion of the times to handle a message



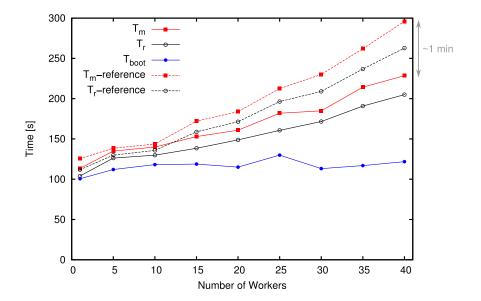


- Time querying running VMs depends on number of VMs in ON database
- For 40 VMs 3 times faster with 1,000 VMs in DB than with 25,000 VMs in DB
- For 20 VMs 16 times faster with 1,000 VMs in DB than with 25,000 VMs in DB



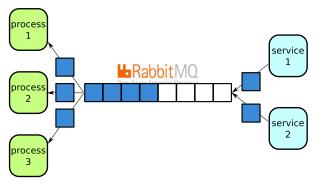


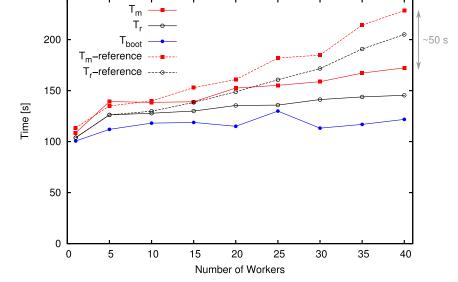
- Times after deleting old VMs from ON database
- For 40 Workers more than 1 *min* faster
- Still about 100 s more than T_{boot}





- Further improvement by parallelization of rOCCI server
- Multiple processes connected to same AMQP queue

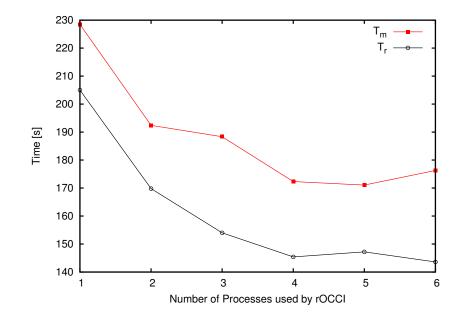




• Times measured with 4 processes



 No further speedup with more than 4 processes (start of 40 workers)



Summary

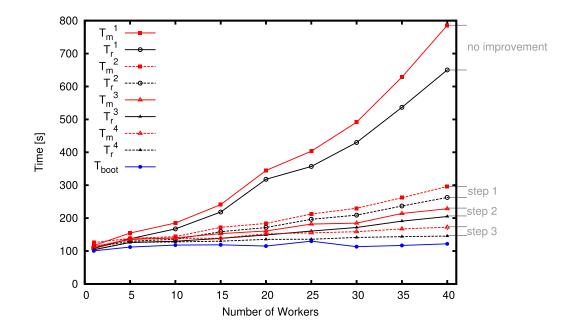


- Interoperability ensured and vendor lock-ins avoided by use of open standards OCCI and AMQP
- rOCCI server has a significant impact on the performance
- Possibilities for improving performance of rOCCI server
 - Remove unneeded features
 - Adaptions to the cloud middleware
 - Parallelization (easy with AMQP as transport protocol)

Summary



- Acceptable times after improvements
- Better scalability





Thank You!



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Backup



• Simple Service Connector with an attribute state und an action start_action:

module OcciServiceAdapter

module Connector

class Myconnector < OcciServiceAdapter::Connector::Service2</pre>

```
attribute :state, {:type => 'String', :required => false, :default => 'ready'}
action :start_action, {:parameter => {:type => 'String', :require => true}}
def start_action(params={})
    @state='started'
    system("./my_application "+params[:parameter])
    return 0
end
end
end
end
```

Backup



- Start service in directory of Service Connector: occi-service-adapter connector start
- Remote control over generic graphical client:

OCCI Client	_ □ ×		
Templates Instances File Util Service Logs		Action Parameters	o x
		parameter(String) pattern: .*	
Refresh	Attributes	_ 🗆 X	
Refreshing content done Refreshing content done Trigger action http://cloud4e/TestConnector/action#start_action	occi.core.id occi.core.title occi.compute.cores occi.compute.memory occi.compute.state org.opennebula.compute.cpu org.opennebula.compute.gid	2226a852-126a-11e4-b347-1 My VM 1 1.024 active 1.0	- - - -
	occi.amqplink.queue cloud4e.state	occi.amqp.service.66a85c21 ready	